sucrose or trehalose in an amount from about 10-100 mM, a buffer and a surfactant.

- 30. (Reiterated) The method of claim 29 wherein the formulation further comprises a bulking agent.
- 31. (Reiterated) The method of claim 30 wherein the bulking agent is mannitol or glycine.
- 32. (Reiterated) The method of claim 29 wherein the formulation is lyophilized and stable at 30° C for at least 6 months.
- 33. (Reiterated) The method of claim 32 wherein the formulation has been reconstituted with a diluent such that the antibody concentration in the reconstituted formulation is from about 10-30~mg/mL and the reconstituted formulation is stable at $2-8^{\circ}\text{C}$ for at least about 30 days.
- 34. (Reiterated) The method of claim 33 wherein the diluent is bacteriostatic water for injection (BWFI) comprising an aromatic alcohol.
- <u>C</u>3
- 37. (Twice Amended) A method for treating a cancer selected from the group consisting of endometrial, lung, colon, and bladder cancer in a human comprising administering a therapeutically effective amount of a formulation comprising an antibody which binds HER2 receptor to the human, wherein the formulation comprises the antibody and a lyoprotectant, wherein the molar ratio of lyoprotectant: antibody is 100-600 mole lyoprotectant: 1 mole antibody.
- 38. (Reiterated) The method of claim 37 wherein the cancer is endometrial cancer.
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- 39. (Twice Amended) The method of claim 37 wherein the cancer is lung cancer.

- 40. (Reiterated) The method of claim 37 wherein the cancer is colon cancer.
- 41. (Reiterated) The method of claim 37 wherein the cancer is bladder cancer.
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- 42. (Twice Amended) A method for treating ductal carcinoma in situ in a human comprising administering a therapeutically effective amount of a formulation comprising an antibody which binds HER2 receptor to the human, wherein the formulation comprises the antibody and a lyoprotectant, wherein the molar ratio of lyoprotectant:antibody is 100-600 mole lyoprotectant:1 mole antibody.
- 43. (Amended) The method of claim 42 wherein the molar ratio of lyoprotectant:antibody is 200-600 mole lyoprotectant:1 mole antibody.
- 44. (Reiterated) The method of claim 42 wherein the formulation is administered subcutaneously.

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- 45. (Amended) The method of claim 42 wherein the formulation comprises the antibody in amount from about 5-40 mg/mL, sucrose or trehalose in an amount from about 10-100 mM, a buffer and a surfactant.
- 46. (Reiterated) The method of claim 45 wherein the formulation further comprises a bulking agent.
- 47. (Reiterated) The method of claim 46 wherein the bulking agent is mannitol or glycine.
- 48. (Reiterated) The method of claim 42 wherein the formulation is lyophilized and stable at 30° C for at least 6 months.
- 49. (Reiterated) The method of claim 48 wherein the formulation has been reconstituted with a diluent such that the antibody

concentration in the reconstituted formulation is from about 10-30 mg/mL and the reconstituted formulation is stable at 2-80C for at least about 30 days.

- 50. (Reiterated) The method of claim 49 wherein the diluent is bacteriostatic water for injection (BWFI) comprising an aromatic alcohol.
- 51. (Reiterated) A method for treating a cancer selected from the group consisting of endometrial, lung, colon, and bladder cancer in a human comprising administering a therapeutically effective amount of a formulation comprising an antibody which binds HER2 receptor to the human, wherein the formulation comprises the antibody in an amount from about 5-40mg/mL, sucrose or trehalose in an amount from about 10-100mM, a buffer and a surfactant.